Examiner: M. J. Hand

Art Unit: 3761

AMENDMENT TO THE CLAIMS

Claims 1-11. (Cancelled)

Claim 12. (Previously Presented) A wound dressing having opposed

backside and bodyside surfaces, comprising:

an absorbent core defining opposed proximal and distal surfaces, the distal

surface including a central portion and a border portion;

a liquid impervious, vapor permeable backing layer defining opposed

proximal and distal surfaces, the proximal surface of the backing layer extending over

the distal surface of the absorbent core, and defining a border portion extending

beyond and surrounding peripheral edges of the absorbent core, the distal surface of

the backing layer defining the backside surface of the wound dressing;

a first skin adherent facing layer secured only to the proximal surface of the

border portion of the backing layer, the first facing layer defining a portion of the

bodyside surface of the wound dressing and surrounding the peripheral edges of the

absorbent core; and

a second perforated, skin adherent facing layer directly secured to and

coextensive with the proximal surface of the absorbent core, the second facing layer

defining a portion of the bodyside surface of the wound dressing, a periphery of the

second facing layer being contiguous with a periphery of the first facing layer.

-6-

Examiner: M. J. Hand

Art Unit: 3761

Claim 13. (Cancelled)

Claim 14. (Original) The wound dressing according to claim 12, wherein the

border portion of the backing layer is substantially parallel with the distal surface of

the absorbent core.

Claim 15. (Original) The wound dressing according to claim 12, wherein the

border portion of the backing layer includes at least two opposed elongate sections,

each opposed elongate section extending from a corresponding side of the absorbent

core.

Claim 16. (Previously Presented) The wound dressing according to claim 12,

wherein the first facing layer is a pressure sensitive adhesive.

Claim 17. (Previously Presented) The wound dressing according to claim 12,

wherein the first facing layer extends along the entire proximal surface of the backing

layer.

Claim 18. (Previously Presented) The wound dressing according to claim 17,

wherein the first facing layer is sufficiently porous so as not to occlude moisture

transmission through the backing layer.

-7-

Examiner: M. J. Hand

Art Unit: 3761

Claim 19. (Previously Presented) The wound dressing according to claim 12,

wherein the first facing layer of the backing layer has greater skin adherence

properties than the second facing layer.

Claim 20. (Previously Presented) The wound dressing according to claim 12,

wherein the peripheral edges of the absorbent core have a bevel extending

downwardly and inwardly towards a central axis thereof from the distal surface to the

proximal surface thereof.

Claim 21. (Cancelled)

Claim 22. (Previously Presented) A wound dressing having opposed

bodyside and backside surfaces, comprising:

an absorbent core defining opposed proximal and distal surfaces;

a liquid impervious, vapor permeable backing layer defining opposed

proximal and distal surfaces, the proximal surface of the backing layer extending over

the distal surface of the absorbent core, and defining a border portion extending

beyond and surrounding peripheral edges of the absorbent core, the distal surface of

the backing layer defining the backside surface of the wound dressing; and

a continuous skin adherent facing layer composed of a skin adherent

hydrophobic gel and directly secured to both the proximal surfaces of the absorbent

core and the border portion of the backing layer, the facing layer defining a pattern of

-8-

Examiner: M. J. Hand

Art Unit: 3761

through extending apertures only along the portion thereof bounded by the peripheral

edges of the absorbent core, the facing layer defining the bodyside surface of the

wound dressing.

Claim 23. (Previously Presented) A wound dressing having opposed

bodyside and backside surfaces, comprising:

an absorbent core defining opposed proximal and distal surfaces;

a liquid impervious, vapor permeable backing layer defining opposed

proximal and distal surfaces, the proximal surface of the backing layer extending over

the distal surface of the absorbent core, and defining a border portion extending

beyond and surrounding peripheral edges of the absorbent core, the distal surface of

the backing layer defining the backside surface of the wound dressing; and

a continuous skin adherent facing layer directly secured to both the proximal

surfaces of the absorbent core and the proximal surface of the border portion of the

backing layer, the facing layer defining a pattern of through extending apertures only

along an apertured portion thereof adjacent to the distal surface of the absorbent core

and bounded by the peripheral edges of the absorbent core, the portion of the facing

layer corresponding to the border portion of the backing layer having a generally

smooth surface, the facing layer defining the entirety of the bodyside of the wound

dressing.

-9-